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A Comprehensive Analysis of Chetan Bhagat's: Politican's Interference in Academic Breeds to Corruption

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Abstract

Chetan Bhagat is the most renowned English author in Indian at this present era. He has transformed and coloured postmodern Indian literature. His articles have generated a few arguments in parliament and among the country's top authorities. Chetan's Revolution 2020 replicates the current environment of politicians and their power, which leads to corruption. For example, Shukla-ji, a governing party MLA, has received recommendations from Sunil to start a new institution. Sunil describes a 30-acre of property located outside the city. Shukla-ji used his political power to kidnap Gopal's uncle family and transform his agricultural property into a residential development zone. Gopal and Bedi had attended the Varanasi Nagar Nigam's office to request property rezoning. The CBI apprehended AICTE expert committee members for allegedly accepting bribes from two private colleges in return for favorable accreditation findings. Chetan Bhagat's Revolution 2020 seeks to illustrate that corruption exists not only in human society, but also in the education system.

Keywords: Corruption, Politicians Influence, Education, Atrocities

Introduction

Chetan Bhagat has been recognized as a youth's star than a writer. He is the best-selling English-language novelist in Indian history. He has paved the way for a new generation of postmodern Indian writers. His writing has completely transformed postmodern literature into the new realm of writing which gives more importance to social reality. He has believes that the objective of literature is to reflect our society.

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He mostly reflects the youth's culture and national developmental issues. His editorials have sparked debate in parliament and among the country's senior officials. Chetan Bhagat's postmodernism writing provides Indians with a broad collection of ideas. Money is essential for survival in today's materialistic society. People do not save money to meet their basic necessities; instead they are doing for another reason. For instance, a large house, expensive parties, expensive shopping, and a special position in today's society are all made possible by money. Chetan Bhagat have emphasized on the notion that the educational system degenerates. More money and social reputation are given by educational institutions. The educational institution is being founded by numerous politicians, smugglers, and uneducated individuals.

In Revolution 2020, Gopal is the protagonist who has come from a poor background, has just completed his higher secondary education. Since, his father has taken numerous loans from both reputable and shady sources, Gopal is now responsible for his whole debt. He had no idea how to pay off the debt. Gopal is threatened by money lenders to pay their money back. He has not had any source to return the money back except his ancestor farming land. It reflects thousands and thousands of young people's in India. Chetan used this social reality as main source of his writing. At that point, Gopal had a chance to meets Mr.Sunil, the director of Sunshine Events. One day as they are drinking tea in a coffee shop. Meanwhile, two powerful armed men approached Gopal in order to collect the Money back. However, he is broke, has not have money to return. Since Sunil has some connection with MLA Shuklaji, has accepted the responsibility for his finances. Subsequently, Sunil was enquiring about Gopal's property that he lives alone in a single home that is 10 kilometers away from the Varanasi city. Other than home, he has 30 acres of disputed agriculture land which is used for farming.

On the other hand, Gopal's uncle wants the whole 30 acres of full goods. Sunil owes Gopal the assurance that his legal matter would be resolved shortly so that Gopal can sell his property. However, it is farmland. It would be against the law if the farming land would be converted into anything else. All the illegal activities covered up with the help of MLA Ram Lal Shukla. His political had played a vital role in it. He has been introduced to Gopal by Sunil. On the same day, Sunil, Gopal, and Mr. Girish bedia who is the knowledgeable education consultant has gone to meet MLA Shukla ji along with Gopal and his whole property documentation. In their meeting, they are discussing about Gopal's 30-acres dispute property issue. At the end of their meeting, Shukla-ji has received suggestion from Sunil to establish a new institution. Bedi claims that 15 acres will suffice for construction. However, Shukla-ji disregards

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Bedi's suggestion because he has the authority to obtain a signature from any government official. He has planned to use his political influence to converter agricultural land in contraction. In the same manner, Shukla-ji has used Gopal as medium for his black money investment business. So he has taken 15 acres land while using the remaining 15 acres to construct a college.

Due to his lack of resources and lack of academic expertise, Gopal does not understand how to create a college. "I said, 'I have no experience. I have no money' Shukla-Ji said that Mr. Bedi will give the experience. I will give you the money for construction and everything else" (Bhagat-2011). According to Shukla-ji, Bedi will provide the experience while he will supply the funds. Rowdies are sent by Shukla-ji to frighten Gopal's uncle's family in order to hander over their fifteen acres to an MLA. Shukla-ji offers them eight lakh, which is a very reasonable price compared to the market pricing. Because Shukla is a prominent politician and will do whatever he pleases, Gopal's uncle is unable to stop him. As a result, they signed the paperwork. Gopal is the college's director, according to Shukla-ji, and its name is Ganga Tech.

People must obtain authorization from the municipality to rezone agricultural land to educational land if they intend to start an educational institution there. Gopal and Bedi walk to the Varanasi Nagar Nigam's office to have the land rezoned. Mr. Sinha, deputy corporation commissioner meets Gopal and Bedi and they chat about Ganga Tech. After that, institute would acquire a clearance for their plans from the municipality, they could start construction. Shukla-ji produces a huge plastic bag from inside his bedroom, which has 10 lakhs, and he hands it over to Gopal for gaining permission from the VNN-Varana Mr. Sinha informs Gobal that everything indicates bribery. Gopal was questioned by Sinha about how much he would like to donate. Therefore, Sinha receives Rs. 12.50 lakh for the development of Ganga Tech. This is an enormous corruption. It was evidently shown that the society was corrupted by the influence of politician. For instance Sinha, many government officials have been engaged in this type of criminal activity to finance their affluent lifestyles. These types of corruption are uncontrolled throughout India, despite the fact that if someone does not offer money, a government employee would not place a sign and will provide an irrelevant justification.

In order to open their new a college, Bedi and Gopal submit an application to the University Grand Commission (UG). They should submit an application to AICTE, the All-India Council for Technical Education, in addition to UGC. Every private college should be affiliated with a university. Before opening an institution, those operating within it should obtain the district collector's approval of the building

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plan. It's crucial process to get AICTE clearance. Nobody could open a technical institution without the AICTE's clearance. It would conduct an examination to make sure that the institution has all the resources for the pupils need, including a lab, library, sturdy construction, and adequate instructors. The AICTE inspection team never approves for opening new institution if these amenities don't meet their standards. AICTE inspectors are selected from government colleges' university faculties. Only when the members of the inspection committee are sincere and truthful will colleges be recognized. However, despite AICTE's clearance for new colleges to begin, the majority of institutions in India do not have all the necessary amenities for students. Because the inspectors are bribed by the institution and award it grades of "A" and "A+++".

University lecturers from government colleges are appointed as

Inspectors. Of course, since it is such a lecturers have to

Bribe to become one, Bedi said.

'Whom?' Senior management at UGC or someone in the education ministry.

Anyway, that is their business. We have to focus on ours. (Bhagat-2011)

In the UGC and education ministry, a lot of individuals are involved in the business of knowing how to accept and distribute bribes. Gopal has been chasing those people for the development of his school for the past three months. However it was, the college was ready to open, the UCG and AICTE arrived and gave their inprinciple clearance for building. Gopal puts a lot of effort into Ganga Tech Construction. The final AICTE inspection is due in only one week. In the meantime, Gopal and Bedi chose Prof. Shrivastava as the dean. He was a retired NIT professor with expertise working with AICTE and was well-known to everyone there. As his compensation, he requests one million seven hundred thousand every month. He advises donating half of the pay in a covert manner in order to lower his income tax. Nonetheless, the one's black money will grow.

Black money is money that is not entirely the owner's legal property. Black money can save in India in one of two ways. The first category consists of unlawful activities including the drug trade, terrorism, and corruption, all of which are prohibited by Indian law. The second, more plausible explanation is that the money

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may have been acquired by legal means, but it was not declared and taxed, thus it grew over time. Unofficial estimates suggest that Indians have about US 1456 in black money hidden in Swiss banks, according to a 2010 The Hindu report. Prof. Shrinivastava belongs to the second group of people, those who do not receive tax payments on their monthly salaries. He claims that he makes three weekly trips to the institution whereas he would be informed to the AICTE that he has regular attendance. This is where Bhagat had proven his genialities and highly appreciated for this that. His witting reflects the present scenario of India in the education sector that the politics and politician's influence demoralized AICTE approval process.

Meanwhile, they concentrated on the admissions and inspection processes, never on the teaching arrangements. According to Shrivasta, second-year students will instruct first-year pupils. It is taking place in several private colleges. They never hire skilled teachers because they want a high salary; as a result, they choose second-year students to serve as instructors. In order to support their institution, the college faculties bribe the school administrators and the tuition master when a new college is set to launch. They set up a few brokers for admission. Brokers refer students, and the institutions pay them ten percent of the tuition costs. Gopal fills his Gang tech in the same way. Students were not admitted on merit base rather, they were traded on commission bases. Gopal promotes himself in all newspapers, attends career fairs, approaches schools, and offers coaching sessions. Gopal visits many schools and requests the principal's to recommendation the students for his college. He corrupted them by offering black money. Gopal was willing to provide ten percent to anyone who brings in admittance.

Many government officials receive bribes in different locations other than at their places such as hotels or shopping centers because they were afraid of vigilance that they would be arrested by CBI whenever they are accepting the bribes at their workplace. Therefore, Hotels with parties were always preferred by these people. AICTE inspectors are typically regarded in this manner in India. For instance, AICTE expert committee members were detained by the central agency of investigation in India for allegedly receiving bribes from two Chattisgarh private institutions in exchange for good accrediting reports. These officials and college representatives were detained. Cash and gold coins were allegedly included in the bribe. Bhagat has taken extra efforts to expose the reality as real as it is. For AICTE inspectors and other government officials who had contributed to the Ganga technology, Gopal organized a reception at the Taj Ganga hotel. They have already spent six cores on

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professors, equipment, building, and bribes for government officials. Gopal and Shukla-ji had provided additional bribes to inspectors.

Conclusion

In his novel Revolution 2020, Bhagat emphasized on the problems of youngsters that how they are suffocated by this broken educational structure. In this novel, he has started his prolog by drawing attention to a significant issue. He addressed the subject of a conclusion. It demonstrates his sincerity. Through his writings, he inspires followers to bring about imaginative improvements in mundane and man-centered civilization. According to Chetan Bhagat, the government's no-benefit-authorized stance for private enterprises would be the most convincing reason for pollution. In the "Times of India," he stated that "every educational institution must be incorporated as a non-profit trust" (Bhagat). A society's backbone is education. Corruption in education is a scourge for the citizens of any country. According to the law, everyone has an equal right to an education. However, the commercialization of education has exacerbated the problem. Chetan Bhagat's Revolution 2020 is timely, as it exposes corruption in the Indian educational system. If the current system is maintained, a large proportion of Indian youth may encounter tremendous obstacles in finding work. As a result, we require a shift. Chetan Bhagat's Revolution 2020 aims to demonstrate that corruption occurs not only in human society but also in the human psyche.

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